The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1867. NO. 27.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

For the Sentinel.

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY,
September, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In these days when the public press is teeming with graphic and glowing inducements, inviting immigration, energy, capital and enterprise to the lately acquired Russian possessions, the Brazilian empire or the Territories of the far West, it has occurred to me that the resources and attractions of our own Western North Carolina, if properly and truthfully set forth, would possibly show to the world around us, that here, almost at our very doors, there are ample and inviting fields for the employment of capital, the exercise of energy and enterprise, and the prospective development of a great country,—a country that, in attractions and resources, will compare with any portion of this continent, and which, instead of being surrounded or peopled with outside barbarians or mongrel races, is sparsely over-spread by a staid, hospitable, honest citizenship, lacking only in energy and the elements of progress, which their natural difficulties and isolation from the great avenues of travel and commerce may well account for.

If you will allow me space, I propose, in as brief a manner as I can, to set forth some of these resources and attractions, and thus demonstrate that many of the very identical inducements and incentives held up to provoke emigration to other nations, as well as to our far Western Territories, are to be found *closer* to home, and that they will be found not only equal, but in many features pre-eminently superior, to any foreign or far off portion of the country. I am prompted to this work, not only by State pride and affection, but from a conviction that truth and justice demand that the resources and attractions of our own State should be properly studied, appreciated and improved, before our citizens are lured off to invest capital and exhaust enterprise in foreign parts.

Western North Carolina commends itself to the world around us, for the following, among other, reasons:

First, on account of our Climate:

A residence and extensive practice of medicine, for a period of 18 years, in this region of country, has left no doubt on my mind as to the salubrity, purity and invigorating nature of our atmosphere,—there always being such an equilibrium preserved between its thermometrical and barometrical condition, as that invalids—more especially those with pulmonary diseases—were neither prostrated on the one hand by heat nor their diseases aggravated and their lives endangered by dampness; while putrid malarias and poisonous miasms, as a local engine of death, have no existence here. I have not hesitated to recommend our climate as admirably adapted to the cure and comfort of all invalids, or persons, the victims of miasmatic, pulmonary or blood diseases.

Second, Western North Carolina commends herself on account of her "Production:"

In the production of corn, wheat, and clover and grass, we will vie with all other portions of the country of the same soil and latitude; while in the production of tobacco, our country stands pre-eminent, not so much on account of the quantity, as of the quality. When carefully cultivated, and properly managed afterwards, our tobacco will rank in any market as *superfine*. Again, Western North Carolina will yield to no other part of this continent in the production of *fruit*. Our apples, peaches, cherries and plums will hold their own with any other part of the country in regard to quantity and perfection; while they carry with them a *lusciousness* peculiar to the fruits of this mountain latitude, which, if at all equalled, is certainly not surpassed, by fruits subjected to a much more elaborate and careful *cultivation*.

Between the top of the Blue Ridge and the valleys of the Yadkin and Catawba, there is a plateau of undulating table land, where the Isabella and Catawba grape matures in great perfection and profusion.—It needs nothing but enterprise and experiment to determine whether or not this plateau of land will not produce the grape in as great perfection as it does the fruits. Lying, as it does, *above the frost line*, there would be the assurance of a never failing crop, and thus might become a vast wine producing country.

3d. We notice the Soil:

Of this we have every variety and grade, from the rich alluvial of the low-lands to the dark vegetable compost deposited on the mountain tops—thus admitting being tempered by fertilizers to any degree required by the kind of crop to render it most productive. But it is the price of our soil, especially these agricultural and grape and fruit lands, that, together with their intrinsic value, commends them to the notice of the world. One gentleman has just completed a survey of twenty farms, laid out and arranged with a special view to making ample, convenient and tasteful homesteads—no one of which is more than three miles from our village. Several of these join our village suburbs and are under the shadow of our Female College. Upon more than half of these plots of land there are excellent native springs of water. The whole range, it will be seen, is in the reach of our village churches, colleges and schools. The price of these lands is nearly nominal, considering their advantages and facilities. I have no hesitation in saying that one thousand such farms as are herein described could be procured in this County alone, which, though at a greater or less distance from our village, need not still be more than from five to thirty miles from our Western North Carolina Railroad. The prices of much of this land would range from $2 to $6 dollars per acre. None would probably range higher than from $6 to $10, unless it embodied largely of low-lands.

Besides all this, Western North Carolina commends herself on account of her *Resources.*

These are comparatively undeveloped and unknown. As one of our resources I would notice our Water-Powers. Perhaps no County in the entire State can compare with ours in this particular. No one of the most extensive New England Factories, of which the far famed "Lowell" may be taken as the lead, but could be run by these water powers. I have no sort of hesitation in saying that, in this County alone, there are water powers amply sufficient to turn all the *Factories in any one of the New England States*. The very best of these are unimproved and are available, and most of them are within hearing of the Western North Carolina Railroad. Surrounding these water powers, as well as thoughout our entire County, (more especially on the sides and in the coves of the Blue Ridge,) we have vast and interminable forests of timber, besides all the woods so largely consumed in ships, cabinet work, musical instruments, &c.

There are here the Spruce, or Hemlock, the source of immense wealth to other portions of country; and the Sugar-Maple, of which, on the north side of the Blue Ridge, there grow vast orchards in coves where they are to this day untouched by the hand of man—capable, if properly managed, of yielding an immense amount of a very popular and marketable product.

But, perhaps, at this day, there is no feature of Western North Carolina more attractive than her "*Mineral Resources.*"

These, unfortunately, have remained to this day comparatively unknown and undeveloped. Of late years attention has been given to this matter, and it is now pretty well determined that there is a continuous lead or mineral belt, running through this entire County, on the Southern aspect of the Blue Ridge, which, following said range of Mountains, runs into Wilkes, Alleghany, Surry, to the State line of Virginia. Along this entire line are found deposits of Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead, which seemingly have some "*great head centre*," not yet fully developed, but which, when developed, may hereafter prove in richness and value unparallelled on this Continent. This lead has various out croppings, some of which, it properly developed, would be amply remunerative, and might afford an immense and much needed resource to our country. There are here deposits of Iron sufficient to stock all Rail Roads, which this country may ever need, and which, if developed, might greatly facilitate improvements in this line. I might very properly notice our mineral waters, of which there are some 3 or 4 valuable Springs, whose medical and curative qualities would no doubt compare favorably with others enjoying a high reputation. But this communication is already long.

Before I close, I must be allowed to refer to our citizenship. These are generally intelligent, sober and industrious, and would welcome persons of honesty, sobriety or capital, whether they come from the U. S. or elsewhere, and would do every thing that any community would do to open up their way and encourage them to invest capital or become resident citizens.

Our village is without that worst of all banes of society—a grog-shop—is favored with both a Female College and a Male Academy, of high grade, both in successful operation; and, altogether, our entire community is quiet and orderly. So that, socially, morally and intellectually, I feel no hesitancy in inviting citizenship of a like character, to visit and examine our Western North Carolina, before they risk the Russian Possessions, with their barbarian inhabitants.

A. A. SCROGGS, M. D.

Wilmington and Newbern papers please copy.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP.

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York.
205 High Holborn, London, England,
441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—30-eod6m

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,
ALSO,
BEARD'S
Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,
THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR
BALING COTTON.
MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE.
HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON
THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand. For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

NORTH STATE IRON
AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements need in this section.

Aug 6-305-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER
$16,000,000.
Income Over $6,500,000.
TOTAL LOSSES PAID OVER $6,000,000.
DIVIDENDS PAID TO ASSURED
OVER $4,000,000.
NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE OVER 48,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Was organized in 1846. Its success has not been equalled by any other Company. It is organized upon the purely mutual system; it has no proprietary or Stock Capital; and the pre-eminent satisfaction, therefore, in the contemplation of its vast figures, is, that they denote not the enrichment of a *Corporation*, but present and coming blessing to *Thousands of Homes!*

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.
Aug 14-6-tf

THE NORTH AMERICA
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

THE EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE
SOCIETY,
OF NEW YORK
ASSETS OVER
$4,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME
$2,500,000.
DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR, OVER $600,000.
PURELY MUTUAL.
PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG
POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOSWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO. " Greensboro.
E. NYE HUTCHINSON & CO., " Salisbury.
HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.
ALSO,
Spirits Turpentine.
J. BROWN,
July 27-299-tf With HART & LEWIS.

N. C. GROSS HERRINGS.

SOUND AND NICE.

Which we are selling at the exceedingly low price of $6,50 per barrel. They are far more economical than bacon at any such price as this. Almost every body ought to try a barrel of these.

Sep. 3—27-tf. JENKINS & PERRY.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL
DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
TO THE WEST.
BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers goin *West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,

Mail Train,	8.45, A. M.
Fast Line,	5.20, P. M.
Express train,	9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,

Mail Train,	7.45 A. M.
Fast Line	4.30, P. M.
Express Train,	8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars, combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five* to *ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western* States, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.
L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"
TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," No 1, *Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City referrence, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 10 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

July 26-297-tf BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill.—The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnace.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE, and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Petersburg, Va.
Aug 20-11-d2wawtw
Charlotte Times copy as above

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low.*

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.
BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. IF MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.
His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham,
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

FR. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF
SINKING WELLS.
OR
THE NEW LABOR SAVING
ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25; No. 2, $30,
WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C

Important to Cotton Planters.

I HAVE UNDER MY CONTROL AN EXPERIENCED Machinist, sent by the Manufacturers, to set in order the CLEMONS, BROWN & CO'S COTTON GINS, which may need repairing. Application should be made at once to secure his services in time.

Also, now is the time to send in your orders for new Gins, that they may arrive in time for the growing crop. Price reduced 50 cts. on the saw, and only inland freight added.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent
Aug. 28 18-2w For Clemons, Brown & Co.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

I am prepared to furnish any quantity of Choice Meal at short notice, and have constantly on hand FIFTY BUSHELS, at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 8-309-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.
WHOLESALE
Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.
1506 MAIN ST.,
(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)
Richmond, Va.
Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS.
PROPRIETORS:
WM. A. HURD..............OF NEW ORLEANS.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.
TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,
IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.
July 4-280-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-296-2awtO1 President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, and offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED PERUVIAN GUANO, selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard; PHOSPHO PERUVIAN and OLD DOMINION, prepared under the supervision of Professor WILLIAM GILHAM for the wheat crop, combining a large percentage of the Phosphates, with an adequate amount of Ammonia; FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

Orders solicited.

JOHN ENDERS, President.
Office No. 104 Fourteenth Street.
Aug 17-9-2m

W. BOYD,
GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MIDWAY SCHOOL.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

NOTICE.

The next session of the NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND will commence on Monday, the 2nd. day of September, 1867.

Any information in relation to the admission of pupils can be obtained upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER,
Principal.
Aug 15-7-1m

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM LAMB,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Logs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of
NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

July 19-294-2m

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
Produce Commission Merchants,
CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,
Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

Aug 13-5-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,
OIL PORTRAITS,
PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest style of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.
Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10,00 per month,	$100.00
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00
English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25 00

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus. Address,

L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.,
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

LANDRETH'S
FRESH TURNIP SEED.
(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat	Dutch	Turnip.
" Red	Top	Do.
" Snow	Ball	Do.
Large Pomeranian Globe		Do.
" Norfolk		Do.
Purple Top Ruta Baga		Do.

Just received at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
July 24-296-tf

SAUNDERS'
CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE
AMERICAN BITTERS,
The Great Southern Tonic,
AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

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WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,00
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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1867.

THE JACOBIN CONVENTION.

As announced in our report, on yesterday, this mongrel concern adjourned late on Thursday night. Its predecessor of the 27th. of March last was bad enough, and mischievous enough, but, compared with the late Convention, it was a dignified, patriotic and respectable affair.—In the material of which, in the main, it was composed,—in the disorderly and disgraceful character of its proceedings,—in the bitter, vindictive and malevolent spirit which marked its discussions and its final action, this 4th. of September meeting was a shame to the State and the good name of North Carolina. The community breathes freer, now that it is relieved of its pestilent presence.

At an early stage of the proceedings, a Committee was appointed, as has been heretofore mentioned, to mature and report a Platform and Resolutions for the party.—It was specially provided, in the motion to raise that Committee, that Mr. Pool should be its Chairman. This was an unmistakable evidence, we had supposed, that Mr. Pool enjoyed the entire confidence of the Convention, and that they placed full reliance upon his judgment and devotion to the party. When the report was made, we were agreeably disappointed in its general character, though there were features in it which, of course, were objectionable and obnoxious. It took emphatic ground in opposition to confiscation, in favor of *universal* male suffrage, when the State shall have been re-organized, and appealed to Congress to remove, at once, the disabilities from "loyal men," that they might participate in the work of reconstruction. By "loyal men," of course, were meant "Republicans." *This* Resolution was full of the grossest and most wanton and unwarrantable reflections upon a large class of the people of the State, and asserted an untruth when it charged that large numbers of our fellow-citizens were seeking to thwart and obstruct re-construction. But let that pass. The whole series of resolutions were consigned to the tomb unceremoniously. They had hardly a decent burial. They were ingloriously flouted and rejected, in the face of the high sanction of Mr. Pool and the Committee, and despite the earnest and indignant expostulations of the moderate and intelligent men of the body. The unscrupulous and vindictive white element, controlling the ignorant and inflamed negroes, whistled them down the wind at once.

In lieu of the resolution on the subject of confiscation, (and, indeed, we may say, in lieu of the whole series reported by the Committee,) the Convention adopted a substitute, as heretofore stated, offered by Col. Heaton, to the effect that the Republican party would leave all such matters to Congress and faithfully abide by whatever it might say or do. This resolution, therefore, forms the only addition to the platform of the 27th. of March last, which, for the information of the public, we will publish hereafter. The Convention was packed by the "Leaguers," the matter was all arranged beforehand, and Brownlowism carried the day.

The Platform, *as it stands*, presents a tissue of unmeaning generalities, which deal with no practical issue. It can only be *properly* read in the light of the therein unrevealed history of the proceedings of the Convention. The spirit which lurks beneath it can only be comprehended, when it is understood that opposition to confiscation, to disfranchisement and proscription, *was voted down*. Even then it cannot be fully appreciated, without a knowledge of the nature of the discussions which were had upon it. These, on the part of the extremists, were characterized by a spirit of Satanic and fiendish malignity. The most vituperative epithets were hurled at "rebels" and "traitors," by which was meant three-fourths of the white citizens of the State, and the most ruffian invectives were lavished upon them.—There were, of course, honorable exceptions, as we have already intimated, and it remains to be seen what course they will adopt, now that their patriotic and moderate counsels have been contemned. But there were depraved negroes, and low, malignant white men in that Convention, who would have supported a resolution looking to a wholesale hanging.

It may be asked why was not the resolution, appealing to Congress to remove the disabilities from certain "loyal Republicans," adopted? Simply for the reason that Col. Heaton's resolution refers *everything* to Congress, and it was generally understood that the Executive Committee would make the application and press its adoption by Congress, by all the means and with all the agencies in its power.

In a nut-shell, the position in which this Convention places the Radical party of North Carolina is this: "Whatever Congress has done is right; whatever Congress may hereafter do, *shall be* right,—though we rather prefer confiscation, and the disfranchisement of all those who shall not identify themselves, heart, soul and body, with our party, and vote to give us the offices."

[illegible] had it in its power to [illegible] good,—to harmonize conflicting [illegible] and [illegible] views, and to [illegible] in one common effort [illegible] position [illegible] possible time. It [illegible] away. It [illegible] and Brownlowize [illegible]

the State and its government,—to array classes in bitter antagonism, to engender feuds and encourage strife. We now know exactly what we have to deal with. We cannot doubt but that those gentlemen, who have indicated, heretofore, a willingness to "co-operate" with this so called "Republican" party, in the hope of being able to moderate its demands and designs, and under a belief that their purposes were really not so bad and dangerous as they were represented, will now see the folly and futility of such a course. Could they have heard the brutal and violent utterances of some of the delegates, white and black, in this Convention, and their *threats* as to what they intended to do, hereafter, they would have been amazed, shocked and disgusted.

A blow at re construction, in its true sense, has been inflicted, from which the State will hardly recover. But let not our conservative people cease all honorable efforts to promote it. Let them register, vote for a Convention, and for good men thereto. If their efforts are frustrated, and these few white and many negro Radicals, getting control of the Convention, shall frame a Constitution in the spirit which animated the late Convention, we can, at least, endeavor to defeat it at the ballot box.

But there are many points connected with this whole matter, which we have neither space, time nor inclination, to present to-day, and which, besides, we shall be better prepared to notice, when we shall have seen the official record of the proceedings of the Convention.

P. S. Since the foregoing was written, we have received the *Register*, of yesterday, in which Mr. Goodloe takes strong ground, in an able and forcible article, against the spirit and course of the Convention. He declares,—and we heartily join hands with him in the patriotic sentiment,—that "Reconstruction cannot take place on a basis which alienates a majority of the white people from the government"; and repels, with scorn, "the idea that white men have no rights which black men are bound to respect," as well as the reverse of the proposition.

This position, which is so entirely in accord with Mr. Goodloe's previous views and consistent fidelity to the Union, will be sustained by nineteen-twentieths of the white men of the State, and whatever of conservative element there is among the blacks. We know, personally, many "Republicans," who have not hesitated, already, to express their profound abhorrence of the *animus* of the Convention which has just adjourned. With all such we are willing heartily to co-operate in promoting true reconstruction. We have only room for the following extract from the *Register's* article:

"The action of the Convention is calculated to alienate the races. We profoundly regret the result. It will be worse for both, and especially for the blacks. They are in a minority. There are nearly two whites to one colored man in North Carolina at this time; and the whites will increase by immigration from the North, and from Europe, while there is no corner of the earth from which accessions will be made to the number of the colored people. In the election of delegates to the Convention the colored voters may out number the whites, or come so near it that a few thousand whites, voting with the colored, may constitute a majority; but in the elections which are to follow all white men will be voters, and they will sweep the State.

We will never consent to belong to a white man's party, nor to a black man's party. We stand on the broad principles of liberty and equality before the law. If all the black men in the State should array themselves against us, we will stand by their rights; and if all the white men in the State oppose us, we will still vindicate their rights. We warn the people against any attempt to form a white man's party. It is dangerous, and can only result in a collision of races. We will have nothing to do with it; and if parties become thus arrayed against each other on grounds of race or color, we prefer to stand alone. We accept the Platform adopted, and the resolutions which were rejected, as the true Republican platform.

We are happy in the belief that thousand, of black men in the State, with James H. Harris, J. W. Hood, T. Scheneck, and others, at their head, will stand with us. We know, too, that we shall have the sympathy and support of the leading native born Republicans in the State—such as B. F. Moore, Lewis Thompson, Judge Brooks, Robert P. Dick, Thomas Settle, David Carter, John Pool, Judge Warren, Judge Fowle, General Rufus Barringer Dr. Eugene Grissom, and in a word a large majority of those who are known as the leading Union men of the State. We trust, also, that we may count on the sympathy of many Northern men who have settled among us, and who have come here with no purposes hostile to the best interests of the good people of the State."

THE COTTON PROSPECT.

We are permitted to make the following extract from the letter of an extensive Southern Planter to a gentleman in this City:

"At my lower place, in Arkansas, my overseer writes he has seen some slight appearance of the army worm; but I learn from others in that section, that they now think it is too late for them to do us any serious injury, as it is three weeks from the first appearance of the fly, to the hatching out of the second brood—it being the second brood of them that is so destructive to cotton.

It is certain, however, that the cotton crops have been destroyed in the cotton region further South—in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. In many counties not a bale in ten acres will be made. You may certainly rely on a short crop, and in getting good prices for what you make. If your cotton crop in North Carolina turns out well, you will have plenty of money in your section next winter."

We trust that this prediction may be realized. If we should have a late Fall, the Cotton crop in this State will be a very fair one; but an early frost will render it small and precarious. The late rains have given the Cotton too much weed. We hear of no instance of an opened boll, and the season seems to be at least three weeks retarded.

In *one* respect, the late Jacobin Convention resembled the 27th. of March meeting. Both were crowded with negro-traders. The stupid credulity of the negroes exceeds all comprehension. They will wake up some of these days—too late!

Tide Water Correspondence.

[*From our own Correspondent.*]

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C. Sept. 5.

A PARAGRAPH FOR THE LADIES.

A fair friend has been taking us to task for writing so much dull stuff about politics, and registration, and all that sort of thing. "Why don't you make up lots of funny little pieces?"—quoth she. "Bless us! mademoiselle, what shall it be about—you ladies?" The pretty maiden cast just a perceptible glance in the direction of the mirror and then responded, with coquettish demureness, "yes—I suppose so;" and then added quickly, "but mind you're not to say anything about ME!" "What!—am I set to so dull a task as that I should discourse on the Graces and omit to mention their Queen!" "Well sir, since you *will have it* so, you may give my *initials*"—and they were—S. M. I. T. H.

But now that we have promised, we are in a quandary; for what do we know about woman?

Gosylyn says she is a delusion, but we caught him hugging one of these same delusions the other night, so that he is too deluded to have an opinion on the subject.

Let us begin systematically. A pinnacle, a monument, or any other tall thing, may be reared high in the heavens, yet its foundation will invariably be found in the mud. This is not from Rochefoucault, or Machiavelli, but it is sufficiently sage to justify us in beginning our article on woman at her feet—that is in the mud—or rather as it happens, in this instance, on the sands.

To be brief then, (for we have higher duties to attend to) what is prettier or more expressive than a pretty foot? The eye adds beauty to the features and reveals the soul; the foot betrays the character, indicates the birth, and asserts its superiority over the eye by—captivating it. Look at that lovely creature, as she stands on the gunwale of our yacht, holding on by the shrouds, and balancing on one short plump foot, with a high instep and a well turned ancle, all squeezed into a dear little boot, laced up so high one can but just see the little tassel dangling at the top—I say Gosylyn, is there any delusion about that? Dare to say no, and you'll feel a boot that ain't short and plump!

The ladies of the South have undoubtedly the smallest and prettiest feet outside of China. A New York wholesale shoe manufacturer testifies to their daintiness in a very practical style. According to his exhibit the broadest and flattest shoes go to New England—the largest to Rhode Island. The middle States admit of a narrower and slimmer shoe. When Maryland is reached the instep becomes a matter to be looked after. Thence on South only short, narrow, high shoes can be sold. A New England slipper would be given to the cook.—Speaking of feet, we are reminded that it is about time to walk away from this subject; so, with a bow to the ladies, we will take a glance at

PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

The removal of Stanton, Sheridan, and Sickles, which has set the Editorial geese in the North to gabbling so loudly, excites scarcely a ripple of interest here, and wins President Johnson no commendation what ever—if anything, the reverse.

It is considered that by his previous temporizing, to say nothing of tacit assurances that if we would knock the door should be opened unto us, he has betrayed the South; and that we are too securely taken in the toils now, to anticipate any benefit from his spasmodic efforts to reassert the dignity and authority of his high position; whereto we once looked for justice and relief.

Johnson has had more than one opportunity to immortalize himself without transcending the prerogatives of his office, by becoming the liberator of his race in the land of his nativity, ere, like Samson, they pulled down the temple in their efforts to be free. But he lacked the courage to cut the Gordian knot, and, while hopelessly seeking to unravel it, the cords have been wearing deeper and deeper into our hearts, until the people have become weary of Republicanism, weary of the government, and apathetic as to their future to a degree almost suicidal. Besides, the belief is rapidly gaining ground that the destinies of the country are in the hands of the enemy, and that it is futile for the South to take action under the Reconstruction Act; since we cannot conscientiously conform to either the letter or spirit of its requirements; while if we do not, we will have accomplished nothing. Wherefore, we believe no inconsiderable portion of the good citizens of North Carolina would be willing to submit the whole matter to Congress at once, preferring to have a Constitution and laws, cut out and sent down, ready made, rather than that a Convention should tinker and wrangle for months over a hybrid, which would either be rejected by the people on the one hand, or Congress on the other.

Nevertheless, the work of registration goes on, and we are pleased to see the whites coming forward in full force, determined to secure "a say in the matter," whether they choose to say it or not.

The Board in the Second District has gone its rounds once, and is again in the field. The full returns for Morehead City have now been made, which show a majority of five for the blacks, or as follows: whites 66, blacks 71, rejected 6.

The indications are that the county will give between three and four hundred majority for the whites; and unless public sentiment undergoes a vast change, Carteret will go for a Convention and send a Conservative delegate to it.

We were right in stating that Congleton, the old ex-Reverend reprobate, had been pitched upon as negro candidate for the Convention. If he should be elected, all decent men in that body may prepare to suffer nausea.

By the way, it is a little remarkable that the three most miserable renegades in North Carolina are "fallen ministers"—Bain, Ellsworth and Congleton.

The former of this precious trio met with quite a mishap during a recent visit to our sister village of Kinston. It seems that the ex-divine was dining at the residence of an old Universalist parishioner, whose son-in-law had been a gallant Captain in the C. S. A. After the removal of the cloth and while desert was being served, Bro. Bain, full of dinner and self-conceit, began a tirade against the South, which he closed with the words "I do most emphatically pronounce Gen. R. E. Lee to be a liar, a scoundrel, a thief and a traitor!"—Now the young Captain aforesaid, not having the fear of Gen. Sickles in his eyes, and being withal but imperfectly reconstructed, was moved with anger at these words, and indicated the same by knocking Bro. Bain most unceremoniously into the fire place; to the great detriment of a new suit of clothes presented him by Philadelphia friends while he was in Washington, falsifying his countrymen before the Reconstruction Committee.

Of course the rage of the fallen U. S. Marshal was terrible to behold, and the dismay of the aged host and hostess no less great. "You shall be arrested and sent to Fort Macon—every soul of you!"—roars Bro. Bain. "For the Lord's sake don't,"—implore the family. "He drew a pistol on me!"—quoth the U. S. M. "He didn't"—responds the hostess; "he'd be ashamed of it, Bro. Bain." "But I tell you he did," shouts Bain, "I'll swear it!"

"Then you'll swear to a lie, Bro. Bain"—replies the old lady with spirit, "and there's the door."

The forlorn Hope went off in haste to put his threat into execution, but the Provost Marshal was a man of discretion and advised his irate brother to think better of it. Subsequently the matter was arranged; but Bro. Bain's new suit of black will bear the marks of the fray for many a day.

SICKNESS.

Bilious and ague fevers are very prevalent in Craven, Jones and Lenoir Counties at the present time. We hear of numerous attacks and frequent deaths from these diseases. The weather has been exceedingly variable, and the greatest precaution in dress and diet is necessary.

REGULARITY OF THE SENTINEL.

Failing to receive our copy of the *Sentinel* on Monday night, we went in person to the office and were informed by the P. M. that so unusual an occurrence had not happened before in a twelvemonth. It may not be amiss to add that the course of the *Sentinel* on political subjects is generally approved, and that it is esteemed the best newspaper in the State.

FISHERIES.

The fisheries are now in full operation and fish are plenty. Our up country friends would do well to send down for a barrel. Mullets bring from $5.50 to $6 per barrel. Soft crabs 15 and 20 cents per dozen. Oysters and clams according to quality.

CLOSING.

The season will close this year unprecedentedly early. It is probable the Macon House at Morehead will break up next week. Many families have returned home who came to remain until October. The season has not been favorable for watering places. Cool weather and light purses have kept most pleasure seekers at home.

R. A. S.

DEVASTATION OF A LARGE PORTION OF DAKOTA TERRITORY BY GRASSHOPPERS.

In enclosing the copy of a letter from an Indian agent, Governor Foulk, of Dakota, in his letter to the Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs, makes the following statement:

"For the past three days the grasshoppers have literally covered Yancton and the surrounding country, leaving the most flourishing fields and gardens in a condition no better than if they had been swept by a prairie fire. Even the young cottonwood trees are stripped of their foliage, and yet but a fraction of their numbers appear to light for food. If you look towards the sun with your eyes shaded you behold millions swarming over your head, while around the horizon you see them moving in dark clouds, having a strong resemblance to the smoke from vast fields of fire borne along by the wind.

The corn crop on the Yancton reservation was equal to the best ever raised in this prolific region. It covered a thousand acres, and the loss from these insects to the Indians may be reckoned at not less than fifty thousand dollars. What, therefore, must be the fate of these faithful and honest friends of the white man during the coming year, unless Government aid shall be furnished them in the most liberal manner, outside of their annuities? This loss, thus providentially taken from their means of subsistence, is more than they can endure, and their sufferings and distress must be fearful to contemplate."

In another part of this letter the Governor says:

"I have not yet heard from Ponca Crow Creek, or Fort Berthold, but fear the worst possible news from each of these agencies."

"RECONSTRUCTION."—On the day upon the night of which Mr. Lincoln was murdered, the subject of restoration of States to the Union, as presented in the case of North Carolina, was before the Cabinet. We defy contradiction when we say, that Mr. Stanton then and there submitted a plan of a provisional government for North Carolina, which was in accordance with Mr. Lincoln's well know views and much of his practice, and which was substantially carried out by President Johnson. Besides, after the Congressional conspirators made war upon that policy, even as late as the early days of December, 1865, Colonel Forney himself wrote in his two newspapers that a short ride across the country showed that the people responded heartily to the views expressed in the first annual message of the President to the Thirty-ninth Congress.—*National Intelligencer.*

PETITIONS FOR THE REINSTATEMENT OF SHERIDAN.—Petitions will be presented to Congress at the coming November session, signed almost unanimously by the leaders of the Union party in Louisiana and Texas, praying for the restoration of General Sheridan to the command of the 5th military district. The petitioners admit that their object can only be accomplished through the impeachment of the President.—*Forney's Chronicle.*

The Germans of Nashville are about organizing an immigration society on a grand scale, and expect to induce thousands of their countrymen to settle in Tennessee.

The cotton crop of Alabama has been greatly damaged during the last few weeks by the drought and worms. The corn crop has matured, and is unusually good.

Major General Grierson, the famous cavalry raider, is now in command of an army of one hundred colored cavalry soldiers, at Fort Riley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!!!

To-day receiving at my Store,
Southampton Hams,
Balt. Sides and Shoulders,
Refined Lard,
Family Flour,
Prime White Meal,
Sugars, all grades,
Molasses, Syrups,
Teas, Coffees,
Superior Whiskey,—to which your special attention is respectfully invited.
They will be sold low, and are warranted.
DOUGLAS BELL.
September 7—tf.

THE OHIO CORN HUSKER.

A Simple, Useful and Desirable Implement for Husking Corn.

Thousands have been sold and used in the North-West.

TIME IS MONEY.

Farmers, Try It.

SINGLE HUSKERS will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of 75 cents, or six for $3.

Boxes containing four dozen each, will be sent by Express, on receipt of order with the money, at $3,50 per dozen, or $4,00 for one dozen. Merchants, send your orders soon.

Address H. D. LOTT, Salem, N. C.
September 7—2w*

MITCHELL, ALLEN, & CO., NEWBERN, N. C.
Agricultural Implements; Carriage Material; Cotton Gins and Condensers; Cotton Presses; Horse Powers; Cotton Bagging; Baling Rope; Leather and Rubber Belting; Lace Leather.
Patent Labor-Saving Well and Pump.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO., Newbern, N. C.
Sept. 2—22-1t

MEDICINES, &C.

THE BEST

BLOOD PURIFIER

In the World,

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS.

READ THE FOLLOWING

HOME CERTIFICATES

From Physicians.

We hereby certify that the Rosadalis is prepared by a Physician, who is an experienced Pharmaceutist and Chemist, and that his remedy is an efficient and reliable one in SCROFULA, Syphilis, &c., it having performed some remarkable cures in this vicinity.

W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.
R. W. KING, M. D.

Wilson, N. C., February 4th, 1866.

We hereby certify that we regard Dr. Lawrence's Compound Extract of Rosadalis as a Reliable Alterative, &c.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.

Wilson, N. C., May 10, 1867.

Edgecombe County, N. C., May 2d, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE—*Dear Sir*—Please send me immediately per Express to Tarboro, two dozen more bottles of your Rosadalis. I have carefully examed its Formula, and have used it in my practice in a number of cases. I am well pleased with it. I think it, beyond doubt, the best Alterative I ever used. I have tried it in several cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, &c., with much satisfaction to myself and patients. I have also used it in Secondary and Teritary Syphilis, [one a terrible case of eight years' standing,] in which it acted with surprising and satisfactory effect—making a quick and thorough cure. I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it to Physicians and others, as the most reliable Alterative now known.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
A. B. NOBLES, M. D.

A Wonderful Cure of Scrofulous White Swelling.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify, that last September I was attacked with White Swelling of the left knee—and also with an enlargement of the glands of the neck—[one tumor reached a large size.] The swelling of the knee was enormous, and was attended with the most excruciating pains. I was so reduced that I was confined to my room over three months. My leg was so completely drawn up, that I could not bend it at all. I tried various remedies, and they failed to give me any relief. I was in this condition when I commenced taking Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis. The swelling in the knee and neck began to subside, before I took all of the first bottle. By the time I took the second bottle, the swelling of the neck entirely disappeared and that of the knee nearly so. After taking three bottles I found myself completely well—able to walk as well as ever, &c.

LATIMER WILLIAMS.

Wilson, May 12, 1867.

Rosadalis will cure the very worst cases of Chronic Rheumatism.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

Wilson, N. C., May 6th, 1867.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis.

JAMES WILLIS.

Rosadalis cures Carbuncles, Boils, Pimples, &c.

Certificate from an old and much respected citizen of Greene County, now a resident of Wilson, N. C.

I hereby certify that, during the summer and fall of 1866, that I was severely afflicted with Carbuncles—having had as many as fourteen large Carbuncles, and twelve ordinary Boils. I suffered so much from them that I could not get out of the house half the time for several months. Being induced to try Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, I was entirely cured by the use of one bottle of that truly valuable medicine.

W. A. DARDEN, SR.

Wilson, May 11th, 1867.

Consumption, in its Early Stages, can be Cured.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 4th, 1867.

Dear Dr. Lawrence—My daughter having been cured of a deeply seated disease of the lungs by your "Rosadalis," I feel it my duty to make the fact known to you for the benefit of others. She suffered nealy two years with a hard cough, which troubled her day and night; at last the emaciated form, glossy eye, night sweats, together with the cough, told too plainly that it was *Consumption*, beyond question, eating at her vitals. Our Physician's remedies brought no relief. She was advised to try your Rosadalis, as a tonic—which she did—imagine my surprise and gratification, when I found her appetite returning. Slowly she regained her strength, her cough and night sweats gradually ceased, and she is now, after taking five bottles of your medicine, apparently as well as ever.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. E. ANN SMITH.

Rosadalis cures all Skin Diseases.

Salt Rheum Cured! Remarkable Cure!!

DR. LAWRENCE, Wilson, N. C.:

My Dear Sir—For the last ten years (until recently) I suffered with an inveterate eruption of the skin—called by physicians "Salt Rheum," with which I suffered terribly; the pain and itching was almost intolerable. I tried several of the best physicians in Europe and this country—have visited several celebrated Springs—spent thousand of dollars—and failed to get any better. In December 1866, being in Charleston S. C., I was told by a gentleman at the hotel, that he had been cured of a bad tetter by a medicine called "Rosadalis." I resolved to try it, without any hope though of its doing me any good. I procured a bottle of Messrs. King & Cassidey, and commenced taking it. Finding, to my surprise, that I was improving, I bought four other bottles; but before commencing on the last two, I found I was completely well—the disease having entirely disappeared.

Enclosed find "One Hundred Dollars," which please accept as a token of my gratitude. Why do you not make your invaluable Rosadalis widely known?

Your sincere friend,
W. T. SELTZER.

Major John W. Dunham, one of the editors of the Wilson "North Carolinian," says in the issue of the 20th April, 1867: "I believe from personal experience, that the Rosadalis is the finest tonic ever prepared."

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ See that J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., is blown on the bottle and stamped on the cork. ☜

All Letters of Inquiry, &c., promptly answered.

Address
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Wilson, N. C.

☞ *Sent anywhere by Express on receipt of price.* ☜

For sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.
September 7—eowtm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. W. YORK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office, 40 Fayetteville Street.
RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES IN THE COURTS OF WAKE, Chatham and Orange, in the Supreme Court, and the United States Circuit Court for North Carolina.

☞ Collections made any where in the State, if the claim, (principal and interest,) amounts to $500.

☞ Special attention given to cases in

BANKRUPTCY.

Refers to—Hon. W. H. Battle and Hon. E. G. Reade, Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

September 5—wtf.

FOR SALE.

A most desirable Residence in the Western part of the City, adjoining the Presbyterian Parsonage. The House is new, contains four rooms and a large basement and cellar; with water and all modern improvements.

ALSO,

Fifty Acres of land, two miles west of the City on the line of the N. C. R. R., will be sold in two separate lots, if required. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

W. T. ADAMS.

Raleigh, Sep. 6—1m.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage, they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN.] [JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m.

LOST SPECTACLES.

A pair of Gold Spectacles were dropped by a lady, on Sabbath evening, returning from the Methodist church. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at the Auction Store of JAMES M. TOWLES.

September 5—29-1w.

OATS.

25 Sacks of nicely cleaned OATS, on sale at FARMER'S HALL.

Also, prime FAMILY FLOUR by the sack or barrel.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

September 5—29-1w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Treasury Department,
RALEIGH, September 4th, 1867.

To the Sheriffs and Tax Collectors of N. C.:

In consequence of information just received, I deem it my duty to inform you that you are bound by law, to pay the State Taxes now due into the Public Treasury, prior to the first day of October next. Unless payment shall be made, I am imperatively bound, "at the first Court which shall occur after the default, to move for judgment against delinquents, for the full amount of taxes due, deducting nothing for commissions or insolvents, but adding one thousand dollars for taxes supposed not to appear, in the lists transmitted by the Clerk."

The next Superior Court of Wake will begin on the 30th of September. With every disposition to grant indulgence to Sheriffs and the people, I think it best to notify you, that the law gives me no discretion, and that unless payments be made on or before the 4th of October next, being Friday of the Superior Court of Wake, judgment will assuredly be moved, against all delinquents.

I learn that an opinion prevails in some quarters that the State Treasury has a large surplus and needs no further replenishment. This is not true.

The taxes collected under the Revenue Act of 1866, will be nearly exhausted by the close of the present fiscal year, September 30th, 1867. The taxes now being collected will be needed for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1868. Out of this fund must be paid the expenses of the State government for the coming year,—of the Asylums—of the probable Convention and General Assembly, in fine, all ordinary and extraordinary appropriations made by law.

This is the smallest State tax levied since 1848. Tax payers should attend to their duty at once and cheerfully. They will expect relief in vain. The District Commander has been urged to stop the collection, but has declined to interfere. Let Sheriffs, by energetic collections, and tax payers by prompt payments, save me from the painful duty of enforcing the law against delinquents.

Very respectfully,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
Public Treasurer.

September 5—1t.

All papers in the State copy once and forward bills.

BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR.

Baltimore Family Flour—"Locust Point"—just received and for sale.

ALSO,

A fine lot of FACTORY CHEESE, very cheap.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.

Raleigh, September 5—tf.

N. C. LARD.

Expected this evening.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.

Raleigh, September 5—tf.

NOTICE.

Railroad Hotel Property at Raleigh for Rent.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R. until the 16th inst., for the rent of of the Hotel Department, attached to the Joint Passenger Depot, at Raleigh.

The property will be rented to July 1st., 1868, and the successful bidder will be required to keep a first-class Table.

The privilege of rejecting any or all proposals is reserved.

JAS. ANDERSON,
Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Sup't R. & G. R. R.

Sept. 2—22-td

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS!

If sufficiently encouraged to justify us, we purpose keeping daily supplied with the Sea-side luxuries of the Best Fresh Fish, PACKED ON ICE. Also FINE LUSCIOUS OYSTERS, as soon as the weather becomes cool enough for them.

We expect a brrrel of SPOTS, by Express, this evening.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug. 31—21-tf

JUST PUBLISHED,

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC,

For 1868.

WE are now prepared to furnish the above Almanacs to Booksellers, Merchants and Dealers, in any quantity.

Orders will be promptly filled at $8 per hundred, or $75 per thousand.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.

Raleigh, Sept. 4—28-tf.

GOOD,

Fine old NASH BRANDY; Pure CIDER VINEGAR.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers

Aug 29-11-tf

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consigners to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(*Via* Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Raleigh, N. C.

Aug 6-305-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Family Grocer.

April 3—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. H. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.

T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.

J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.

SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.

FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor *pro tem.* of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10.—Payment required in advance.

For further information address

PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Acting Dean.

Sept. 2—22-2m

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

Sept 2—22-10w

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of those popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,

BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS

WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,

LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.

Sept. 2—22-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1867.

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES *VS.* TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKINS.

THURSDAY, Sept. 5th. 1867.

Samuel Carrow, sworn:—Is a delegate to the Radical Convention. Resides in Beaufort County. Is Sheriff of the County.—Came to Raleigh on business. Has never been subpœnaed in this case. Is well acquainted with the character of Jordan C. Leggitt, or at least has been up to six or seven years ago. Knew him from his boyhood, up to that time. His character is *good*, for truth and veracity.

Cross-Examined:—Mr. Leggitt was as much as twenty-five or thirty years of age, when he removed from my county; he is now probably thirty or thirty one.

Henry E. Sykes, sworn:—Reside in Fayetteville. Has been confined in the Raleigh prison for about seven weeks, by order of Gen. Sickles,—*on what charge the witness knows not.*

Was at the market house in Fayetteville, the day Bebee was killed. Saw the ladies come down stairs and go to the carriage, accompanied by Mr. Bond. Capt. Tolar did not go to the carriage; witness saw Powers and Maltsby go up to it. Saw Bebee brought down stairs. Nothing occurred while he was coming down. Heard no exclamation of "rally, boys" or "here he comes;" did not see any one jump upon the bench; could see the bench well. Saw Mr. Nixon, Mr. Phillips, Massie and Mitchell.

As Bebee was going out of the arch, witness heard some one say, "I demand this boy;" to which the Sheriff said, "stand back, it is my prisoner." Saw the police flourish their clubs. Out on the edge of the pavement, Bebee and two or three of his guard fell down. Just as he arose, a pistol was presented close to back of his head and fired, which killed him. Sheriff Hardie, at that time, had hold of Bebee's collar. Witness saw the pistol barrel up to the cock; saw it fire. Heard a voice, an instant before the firing, say, "give him up, or else I will shoot him." Witness is well acquainted with the voice of Saml. A. Phillips, *and took it to be his voice.* Is quite certain about that. About three or four seconds after, saw Sam Phillips moving through the crowd, about three or four feet off, with a pistol in his hand that corresponded in size with the one witness saw fire. Saw him return the pistol to his left breast-pocket.

Witness was standing leaning against the S. E. corner of the market house at the time the pistol fired, about six feet from Bebee.

Saw Monk trying to cut Bebee, before he was shot, and saw Wemiss strike his arm with a club to prevent him.

Did not see Capt. Tolar any where about there at the time the pistol fired.

Told Gen. Avery and Col. Haywood all about this before,—substantially what witness tells now.

Told Mr. Fuller, day before yesterday, about this for the first time. Has told no one else.

Cross-Examined:—Heard, about 10 o'clock in the morning, about Bebee's attempt on Miss Massie. Jonathan Hollingsworth told him. Went to market house about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Heard Sam Phillips speak of this, in addition to Hollingsworth. Had no reason to believe, from anything witness heard, that day, that an attack would be made on Bebee. While in the market house, before Bebee came down, witness saw Capt. Tolar, Tom Powers, Nixon, Phillips and a black man. Saw Powers and Nixon talking together; heard Nixon tell Powers he ought to have a pistol and Powers said, "no, I would rather the law would take its course." Saw Miss Massie come down stairs. Witness could see the signs of violence on her neck. Witness had a pistol with him in his overcoat pocket; it was a small Colt's pocket pistol. The pistol had been pawned to him and had had it two or three weeks.—Saw Hollingsworth that day with a belt on. Maltsby was about nine or ten feet to the rear of the carriage. Saw Powers near enough to the carriage to speak to the ladies; saw him turn around and go back under the market house. Bond came back and went up stairs.

When Bebee came down, witness thinks that Bond came down before him,—Wemiss and Faircloth on either side, and Hardie and policemen behind him. Out on the side walk, there was much confusion,—some crying "take him" and some saying "stand back." Saw three or four of the policemen have clubs. Saw Bebee fall and Hardie grasp his collar with his right hand. A pistol was then aimed over Sheriff Hardie's left shoulder and fired. Just an instant before, witness heard Sam. Phillips say "give him up, or I'll shoot him. *Is certain* that it was Phillips' voice. In examination by the Judge Advocate, witness did not tell about Phillips saying "give him up, or I'll shoot him," but told all the rest.

Within half a minute after the pistol fired, saw Phillips with a pistol in his right hand, rubbing it against his pants; he then put it up in his left breast pocket. Did not see him afterwards. Did not hear any one say "hurrah for Capt. Tolar," or "Capt. Tolar shot him." The only pistol witness saw, that day, was the one Phillips had, and the one that shot Bebee; thinks they were both the same.

Re-Direct:—Was first examined about this by the prosecution, about four days after witness arrived. First knew that he was to be examined as a witness, day before yesterday. Have always thought that Sam Phillips shot Bebee; told him so the same day before David Oliphant, at his (Phillips') store. Has no ill feelings towards Sam Phillips. Has known him personally about 8 years, and Tolar all his (witness') life, but is not intimate with him.

Questions by the Court:—Did not try to see who fired the pistol at the time or afterwards. When witness spoke to Sam Phillips, at his store, about this matter, David Oliphant said it was not Phillips; it was Tolar who shot him

Court adjourned to Friday, 11 o'clock, A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Best Blood Purifier in the World,—Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis: Williams & Haywood, Raleigh, and Druggists generally.

Builders' Materials, Labor-Saving Pump, Agricultural Implements: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Hams, Flour, Molasses, and a variety of other articles: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

Brinkerhoff's Ohio Corn-Husker:—H. D. Lott, Salem, N. C., General Southern Agent. This valuable invention is cheap and very durable, and has been in use for several years with the very best results. We have at this office, where it can be seen, a pamphlet containing numerous certificates as to its value.

THE TROTTING-PARK.—There is to be another spirited trial of speed on this course, in the vicinity of the City, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. We learn that a number of nags have been entered.

MONEY SENT WITHOUT DANGER OF LOSS.—From and after Monday, money orders can be obtained at the Post Office, in Raleigh, upon Post Offices in all parts of the United States.

A list of money order Post Offices can be seen on application at that office.

The *money order* is intended to promote public convenience and to insure safety in the transfer, through the mails, of small sums of money. The mode by which safety is secured consists in leaving out of the order the name of the payee, or party for whom the money is intended. In this respect, a money order differs from an ordinary bank draft or check. An advice or notification, containing full particulars of the order, is transmitted by the issuing Postmaster, at the office of payment. The latter is thus presented, with the necessary information to detect fraud, if any should be attempted.

"THE PORTABLE FIRE-EXTINGUISHER."—Quite a large crowd assembled on Nash Square, yesterday morning, to witness Capt. Hanes' exhibition of the wonderful power of this apparatus in extinguishing fire. It performed all that was promised of it, to the entire satisfaction of the spectators, who were both surprised and delighted with the experiment. The following report of the Committee, who were requested specially to examine the results, tells all about the exhibition better than we can. All of our public buildings, churches, stores and private residences ought to be supplied with this "Extinguisher." Fire has found its master, at last:

RALEIGH N. C. Sept. 6th. 1867.

The undersigned, chosen as a Committee to examine the results of the trial of the new Patent Fire Extinguisher, which occurred in this City on the 6th inst., submit the following Report:

That the pile of combustible materials, made of a dozen hogsheads and tar barrels, shavings and other extremely combustible materials, saturated with tar and oil, burning under a strong breeze, and having reached its climax of flame, was a severe test to which the Extinguisher was put, and such as to prove thoroughly its efficiency in suppressing fire under the most unfavorable circumstances.

Secondly. That the result of the trial was perfectly satisfactory, and surprisingly so to the Committee and the company assembled, as they witnessed how easily, rapidly and completely the Extinguisher subdued the fierce raging flames in the space of *one minute.* The experiment was repeated three times with the same satisfactory results.

Thirdly: That we regard the Fire Extinguisher as one of the most useful inventions of the age, and recommend its general introduction as the surest means of protecting us from disastrous fires.

This Fire Engine is entirely self-acting, self-protecting, and so portable as to be conveyed to any part of the building and worked by one man. It can be had by application to Lewis C. Hanes, Esq., Lexington, N. C., General Agent for the State.

JONATHAN WORTH, *Gov. of N. C.*
P. F. PESCUD, *Druggist and Ins. Agt.*
ED. C. FISHER, *Supt. Insane Asylum.*
R. S. TUCKER, *Merchant.*
REV. L. L. HENDREN.
REV. H. T. HUDSON.
W. J. PALMER, *Supt. Institution Deaf, Dumb and Blind.*

THE TARBORO *Southerner* comes to us considerably enlarged and improved. It is an enterprising and interesting paper, and we are glad to note its prosperity.

COL. F. B. SHEPHERD, late C. S. A., of Mobile, who was brutally shot in that city, a few weeks since, by Capt. Schaeff, U. S. A., while under arrest for sending the latter a challenge, and entirely disarmed, has died. Col. S. was a native of North Carolina and was universally and highly respected.

SHANKS—Phœbus and Apollo, what a name!—intends extending the enquiries of the Congressional Committee, of which he is chairman, into the treatment of "Southern loyalists" during the war. Come forward, gentlemen, with your inventions to Shanks' special patent office.

THE RE-ACTION has commenced in California. See telegram.

The newspapers insist that somebody is going to *Phil* Sheridan's place.—*Trenton American.*

An Iowa paper is printed entirely in red ink. An exchange says the editor is determined to have his articles read.

Sheridan is the youngest man ever mentioned for the Presidency, but he will be old enough before he gets it.

Two thousand five hundred and ninety emigrants arrived in New York on Sunday and Monday.

The Washington *Chronicle* says that Mr. Stanton will be back in his place as Secretary of War in less than eighty days.

The resort that Miguel Lopez, the betrayer of Maximilian, has been killed, turns out to be an error.

OHIO ELECTION PROSPECTS.—A letter received here to-day from an influential and distinguished citizen of Ohio represents that that State will give from thirty to forty thousand majority for the Republican ticket, that the Republicans will carry the Legislature, and that negro suffrage will be defeated by forty or fifty thousand.—*Cor. Balt. Sun.*

Clement C. Clay was liberated upon the recommendation of Thaddeus Stevens, the great leader of the Republican party, and I saw the letter with my own eyes, addressed to Andrew Johnson, that no man could be legally and constitutionally convicted of treason, and that, therefore, the sooner these men were let go, the better.—*Mr. Vallandigham.*

Although it is more than five years since the death of Prince Albert, the mourning seal in black wax continues to be affixed to all the official letters of the English Government in its several departments, nor does there appear any probability of a return to the red official seal.

The *Picayune* thinks it the duty of the small minority of white men who are permitted to vote in Louisiana to cast their ballots for black men of unquestionable African descent. Under the circumstances we entirely agree with that opinion.—*Mobile Register.*

"The King's English is alluded to as the standard of our vernacular, but the Queen's English is not King's English by any manner of means. For instance, in her late book, Victoria talks about Prince Albert's "last fatal illness," as if he had several other fatal illnesses before.

The Milwaukie *Wisconsian* says: "There is a gentleman going through bankruptcy in this district, under the engineering of Judge Prentiss, whose liabilities are $100,000, most of which are in judgments, while his assets are reported at $200 in personal clothing.

Young Iturbide, who *was to have been* Maximilian's heir, is living in Georgetown, a fine sprightly boy of four years, who looks, says the *Chronicle*, as if he might some day claim his own.

John G. Saxe says that it is a common notion in Boston that, if a person is born in that city, it is unnecessary for that favored mortal to be "born again."

Some of the farmers up the Connecticut river have already begun to cut the early pieces of tobacco. The crop was considerably damaged by the late heavy rains.

A young German girl named Louisa Miller attempted to shoot her former lover on Thursday night at St. Louis, failing in which she shot and killed herself.

A Havana paper taunts the United States with the fact that of all the monuments and statues proposed to the memory of Abraham Lincoln, not one of them has been erected.

The Kentucky Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, holds its annual session in Lexington, commencing on the 28th day of September. Bishop Pierce is to preside.

The editor of an Iowa paper says that the heavens were black, one day last week, with wild geese flying South, and consequently presages that winter will be here in September.

Peruvian ladies are noted for their exquisitely small feet, and get them by having the little toe amputated in infancy. A Peruvian surgeon, skilled in the business, is going to San Francisco to open an office.

A piece of cloth saturated with carbolic acid and hung upon a liberty pole in New Jersey is said to have killed all the mosquitoes in that State.

Hannibal Hamlin "thinks it is high time something should be done." For Hannibal Hamlin?

JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 19-294-6m

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

37 Nassau Street.

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

WEBSTER'S ELEMENTARY SPELLING BOOK,

Always on hand. Price, per doz., $1,50.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Next door to Tucker's new Hall,
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

BEAUTIFUL MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, IN great variety just received at our new Book Store, next to Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED:

100,000 Cigars.
2,000 lbs. Snuff, in papers, bottles and bladders.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

100 Sacks N. C. Flour, Superfine, Extra, and strictly Family.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Wholesale Grocers.

BALE ROPE AND BAGGING.

236 COILS JUTE ROPE, hand spun; Bales Gunny Bagging, standard weight.
For sale by WILLARD BROS.
Nos. 29, 30 and 31 North Water St.
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 27—17-1m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!

Bought expressly for PICKLING.
For sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 15-7-tf

FOR SALE,

At reduced price, one of H. L. Emery's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of last season.)
WM. R. COX.
Raleigh, September 5—3td&w.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTING'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.
Aug. 30—20-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

WANTED.

A GOOD MALE TEACHER, to take the general supervision and charge of the Male and Female departments of the HERTFORD ACADEMY.

A man of experience, and a native of the State, with good references, preferred. Apply to
D. P. DAUGHTREY,
Sec'y of the Board of Trustees,
Aug. 31—4w Hertford, N. C.

ON HAND

A FEW CANS (25 lbs.) White Zinc Lead.

ALSO,

Blue Paramatta, 4 feet wide, for Top Linings.
J. BROWN,
Aug 17-9-tf With HART & LEWIS.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE CALIFORNIA ELECTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6 M.

Haight is elected Governor, and Axtel to Congress,—both Democrats. Nearly a solid Democratic legislative delegation is elected from San Francisco and Sacramento. This prevents the re-election of Senator Conness, Radical.

CABLE SUMMARY.

The Specie in the Bank of England for the first time in fifteen years exceeds the circulation.

The action of the Prussian Senate indicates the acceptance of the assurances that the Salzburg Conference indicates peace.

The North German Parliament is largely Liberal.

YELLOW FEVER AT GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, Sept. 6, M.

The fever is somewhat abating. The number of deaths yesterday was 17. Gen. Griffin's only child is dead. Only one of Gen. Griffin's staff officers is on duty.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sep. 6—M.

Cotton quiet, 27.
Turpentine 58½@59. Rosin, common, 4@6.
Stocks dull. Sterling 8¾@10. Gold $1,42½.—5-20 coupons $114¼.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 6, M.

Cotton became dull last evening. Uplands 10 Orleans 10¼. Sales 10,000 bales. Sales of week 70,000 bales.

LONDON, Sep. 6—M.

Consols 94¼. Bonds 73¼.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6, P. M.

Gen. Denver has received the following dispatches:

SAN. FRANCISCO, Sept. 6 P. M.

California sends greeting to all Conservative citizens at the East, having elected Henry H. Haight Governor, by many thousand majority.—She is following in the footsteps of Connecticut, and improving on her example.

The Legislature is Democratic, and two Democratic Congressmen are thought to be elected.

[Signed by the Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer of the Democratic State Central Committee.]

Another private dispatch indicates the election of three Democratic Congressmen.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6, P. M.

Gen. Grant was not at the Cabinet meeting to-day. It continued over two hours.

The President has recognized Alexander Belaigue De Bunas as French Consul at Charleston, and Baron Von Albert De Vaux, at Richmond.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, P. M.

Negotiations are progressing for the establishment of a postal treaty between Prussia and the United States, similar to that of England.

YELLOW FEVER IN AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 6—P. M.

Two cases of yellow fever were sent to the hospital to-day from the schooner Dawn, lately from Tampico. No cases originating in the city have been reported.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sep. 6—P. M.

Cotton easier. Sales 1,000 bales 26½.
Flour irregular, $6,70—$10,85. Southern $9@$13.
Mess pork $24¼.
Stocks dull. Gold $1,42½. 50-20 coupons $114¼.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 6, P. M.

Cotton unchanged.
Corn, white, dull, $1,10@1,13.
Bacon still advancing; stock light. Shoulders $14¼@$14½.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 6—P. M.

Spirits Turpentine quiet, 52. Rosin quiet, $3@$6,50.

MARY'D DEPOSITORY M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

H. H. MARTINDALE, OF N. C.,
WITH
SELBY AND DULANY,
Publishers, Booksellers
AND
STATIONERS,
332 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
N. R. SELBY, W. J. C. DULANY.
Aug 5-304-2aw3m

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to
F. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

HOUSEKEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE

I am to-day receiving
20 bbls. Patapsco Family Flour, (at the last and lowest price.)
15 bbls. Sugar, (excellent quality for preserving.)
10 sacks Prime Coffee, Rio, Laguyra, and Java.
Another lot of Refined Leaf Lard put up in 25 lb buckets expresly for Family use.
5 boxes Chrystal Starch, a superior article, and 20 half bbls. Family Roe Herrings, which I am prepared to sell at lowest market price.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Aug. 31—21-tf Market Square.

COWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C.
R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.
aug10-3m

1867, FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FRESH SUPPLY OF

BUGGY MATERIALS.

RIMS, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts, Dash Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling, Canvass-Duck, Moleskin, Oil Carpeting, with a general assortment of other materials.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.
J. BROWN,
Aug 12-313-tf With HART & LEWIS.

POMONA BUTTER.

Something exceedingly nice and sweet—far superior to anything we have seen in this market. Do pray send and get some of this.
JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 21-12-tf

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25½
" Clarendon	4½
" Commerce	16½
" Fayetteville	10½
" Lexington	17
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	47
" Roxboro'	55
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	24½
" Washington	13
" Wilmington	24½
" Yanceyville	9½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	26½
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	57
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	22
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	136
Silver	131
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	½

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	47c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25½
" Wadesboro	24½
" Wilmington	24½
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	17
" Commerce	16½
" Clarendon	4½
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9½
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	57
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	26½
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON	21@22
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 45@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	15@20
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	$6 75@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 50@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	@1 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and in demand at above quotations.

Corn scarce and in demand.

Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to maket.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand, but prices firm under the influence of Northern quotations.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by
WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.
July 11-287-6m

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, AND FURNISHING GOODS, Boots and Shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' HATS, at greatly reduced prices, at
M. ROSENBAUM.
Aug 1-302-tf

MRS. RANSOM'S

FEMALE SEMINARY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to
MRS. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.
Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,
R. ANDERSON,
June 11-3maw* Albemarle.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

FLANNELS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
HICKORY SHIRTINGS,
DENIMS, TICKINGS,
COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE ST., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug. 23—14-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS!

"Time and Tide wait for no man."

NOTWITHSTANDING WE ARE NOT YET in our New Store, we are receiving a

SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Dress Goods, Gents and Boys' Wear, Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Cambrics, Towelings, Diapering, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And ten thousand and one articles unnecessary to advertise.

Our Stock will be complete and kept so during the Fall.

Until we move to our New Building, we shall continue bringing in Fresh Supplies to our present stand.

Remember our motto,

"Quick sales and small profits," and
"The best goods at the lowest price."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, Sep. 3—23-tf.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street,*

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson, Orders promptly executed.
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull, HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
S. Harris Hopkins.
September 4—28-2m*

COOKE'S HOTEL.

RE-OPENED BY HIMSELF,

Is now ready to accommodate the Travelling Public, and those of the City wishing Board by the week or month. My terms will be moderate.
GEO. T. COOKE.
Sep. 3—27-1w.
☞ Standard copy.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOTEL, HAVING BEEN RE-BUILT, in part,—twenty rooms having been completed and neatly furnished, will be re-opened for the reception of the Travelling public, on this day, September 3d.

The old friends of the former Exchange, and the public generally, are cordially invited to call and see, and be entertained with good accommodations, good fare, on moderate terms.
W. H. CUNINGGIM,
September 3—27-1w. Proprietor.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN ROADS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $225,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go *via* Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty *via* Weldon, and eighty *via* Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, *via* our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs,
WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York, and to myself;
J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 31—21-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY DIRECT LINE BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and by which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia, by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 South Delaware Avenue.

From New York, by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All losses, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to
JAS. McCARRICK,
Trace Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Have your freight marked **Via Portsmouth, Va.**, and in shipping to Philadelphia, marked **Via Clyde's Line, or Via Annamessic.**
E. G. GUIO,
Aug. 31—21-2m Sup't Transportation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr. P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement, and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.
W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.
THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press, rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.
D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper
J. H. CURRY,
Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a screw.
PETER E. SMITH.

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr. Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit.
RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former member of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER-POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 3 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 16 feet; highest point of Lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.

Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the Cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost, including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including as cost.

I think I can sell County rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address
J. H. GODWIN,
Aug. 31—21-tf Scotland Neck, N. C.

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 25 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 22-11-6m

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

BUILDERS' LOCKS, Butts, Hinges, Screws, Shoe-Nails, Finishing Brads, Machinist's Steel Fastenings, Hollow Augers and Bits, Mule Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Copper, Rivets, and Bars, with a general assortment of Hardware and Cutlery.
J. BROWN, with Hart & Lewis.
Raleigh, Sep. 4—23-tf.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1867.

THE NOBLE REVENGE.

The coffin was a plain one—a poor miserable pine coffin. No flowers on its top, no lining of the rose-white satin for the pale brow; no smooth ribbons about the coarse shroud. The brown hair was laid decently back, but there was the crimped cap, with its neat tie beneath the chin. The sufferer from cruel poverty smiled in her sleep; she had found bread, rest, and health.

"I want to see my mother," sobbed a poor child, as the city undertaker screwed down the top.

"You can't—get out of the way, boy; why don't somebody take the brat?"

"Only let me see her one minute," cried the hopeless, hopeless orphan, clutching the side of the charity box, and as he gazed into the rough face, anguished tears streamed rapidly down the cheek, on which no childish bloom ever lingered. Oh! it was pitiful to hear him cry, "Only once, let me see my mother only once."

Quickly and brutally the hard-hearted monster struck the boy away, so that he reeled with the blow. For a moment the boy stood panting with grief and rage—his blue eyes distended, his lips sprang apart, a fire glittered through his tears, as he raised his puny arm, and with a most unchildish accent screamed, "When I am a man, I'll kill you for that."

There was a coffin and heap of earth between the mother and the poor forsaken child—a monument, much stronger than granite, built in his boy-heart to the memory of the heartless deed.

The court-house was crowded to suffocation.

"Does any one appear as this man's counsel?" asked the judge.

There was silence when he finished, until, with lips tightly pressed together, a look of strange intelligence blended with haughty reserve upon his handsome features, a young man stepped forward with a firm tread and kindly eye, to plead for the erring and friendless. He was a stranger, but from his first sentence there was silence. The splendor of his genius entranced—convinced.

The man who could not find a friend was acquitted.

May God bless you, sir, I cannot.

I want no thanks, replied the stranger, with icy coldness.

I—I believe you are unknown to me.

Man! I will refresh your memory. Twenty years ago you struck a broken-hearted boy away from his mother's poor coffin. I was that poor boy.

The man turned livid.

Have you rescued me, then, to take my life?

No, I have a sweeter revenge; I have saved the life of a man whose brutal deed has rankled in my breast for twenty years. Go! and remember the tears of a friendless child.

The man bowed his head in shame and went out from the presence of a magnanimity as grand to him as incomprehensible, and the noble young lawyer felt God's smile in his soul forever after.

THE SABBATH.—"Welcome, sweet day of rest!" No books to post, no orders to fill, no projects to think over, no politics to discuss—none of the thousand wearying, temper-trying, heart-worrying cares of the every-day world, to-day. One day of quiet and tranquility—"emblem of eternal rest." How sweetly comes the peace of the Sabbath morning after the agitations and toils of the week! Balmy as odors of Orient spicy groves; gentle as the breath of sleeping infants or the dying winds of evening; pure as the incense that rises from the throne of God comes the calm of this holy morning—"day of all the week the best." It is the day of home—home hushed and quiet, home peaceful and full of comfort. To-day the father is at home, and the mother, with brow freed from week-day cares, sits beside him; and memories of Sabbaths in the by-gone time, when shy love made the day of repose a time of joy, come back in all their pleasantness. Father is at home, and the little ones hang at his knee, telling their joys and troubles of the past week, and rejoicing that for a whole day he will be their company, and lavish upon them uninterruptedly his loving words and smiles.

Aye, pure, sweet, and holy is the day of rest in the family; but it is all too brief—transient as the outline of the silver vapor that floats on the summer sky—for the rush and turmoil of the troubling world will come back to-morrow. Let not that thought mar the gentle joy of this sweet day; remember, rather, there is a "home" whose peace is never interrupted, whose joy is never broken, whose repose dreads not to-morrow, and that a part of the privilege and happiness of to-day is to secure a place in that family whose circle is united forever more in our Father's home on high.—*Lynchburg News.*

The pleasant story is told that when the Rev. Dr. B.——, of Scotland, obtained the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity, a farmer in the parish took an early opportunity of stating the news to his shepherd, with whom the minister was a particular favorite. "You will be glad to hear, Johnny, that the University of St. Andrew's has conferred on our minister a doctor's degree." "I am in no ways surprised at that," said the shepherd. "Mair than twenty years ago he cured my wife of the colic. He should have been a doctor lang syne!"

1867, FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

BUGGY MATERIALS.

RIMS, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts, Dash Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling, Canvass-Duck, Moleskin, Oil Carpeting, with a general assortment of other materials.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.

Aug 13-313-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

WANTED.

A GOOD MALE TEACHER, to take the general supervision and charge of the Male and Female departments of the HERTFORD ACADEMY. A man of experience, and a native of the State, with good references, preferred. Apply to

D. F. DAUGHTREY, Sec'y of the Board of Trustees, Hertford, N. C.

Aug. 31—4w

ON HAND

A FEW CANS (25 lbs.) White Zinc Lead.

ALSO,

Blue Paramatta, 4 feet wide; for Top Linings.

J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

Aug 17-9-tf

CORN.

1,200 Bushels CORN, arriving.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Aug 20-11-tf

POMONA BUTTER.

Something exceedingly nice and sweet—far superior to anything we have seen in this market. Do pray send and get some of this.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug 31-12-tf

RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,' passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER, President of the Senate *pro tem.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EXTINGUISHER.

A New Patent Fire Engine!

BY MEANS OF THIS invention the devouring flames can be subdued in less time than is required to write this notice, and thus your

Houses, Stores and Furniture,

and other valuables may be saved when they would be destroyed before a Fire Company could be summoned.

Always Ready, Powerful and Prompt,

this little Engine is capable of being used at any time, by any person, and in any place, and consequently, of subduing a fire at the moment of its discovery even though it has already made alarming progress. The great damage usually done by the application of a large quantity of water by an ordinary Engine is almost entirely avoided by this process, as it is not the water which extinguishes the flame, but

Carbonic Acid Gas,

with which it is impregnated. It is

VERY SIMPLE IN ITS OPERATION,

the mere turning of a small tap putting it into complete operation without the slightest danger to life, health or property. It may be kept charged and

Ready for Instant Service,

and it need not be re-charged for months, or even for years—is so light that any person can carry it with the greatest ease, to any part of a building that may be on fire.

Entirely Self-Propelling,

it requires no skill to manage it beyond what is necessary to direct the stream by means of a flexible tube.

The Extinguisher occupies no more space than a bucket of water; weighs, when ready for use, 75 to 95 pounds, is strapped to the shoulders and carried on the back with the greatest ease. It extinguishes fire promptly on Rosin, Tar, and other inflammable material, where water produces no effect.

Wherever this Extinguisher has been tried it has proved

Entirely Successful.

The following from a leading New York paper will show its vast utility in a great city; and on Railroads, Steamboats, and in Machine Shops, &c., it must be invaluable.

TIFFANY'S GREAT JEWELRY STORE, N. YORK—*Saved by the New Patent Fire Engine.*—Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out on the fourth floor of Tiffany's Jewelry Store, No. 550 Broadway. The fire occurred under a workbench. The flames extended to the fifth floor.—The fire was discovered by a private watchman employed on the premises. Several clerks who slept in the building attempted to extinguish the flames, but were unsuccessful. An alarm was then given, and the fire patrol put out the fire with a Patent Fire Extinguisher. The damage to property was only about $200—insured at the Fireman's Insurance Co.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Address

LEWIS C. HANES, *Agent for the State of North Carolina,* Lexington, N. C.

Aug. 23—14

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."—which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

SEC. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such state by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

SEC. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

SEC. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

SEC. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

SEC. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

SEC. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

REV. R. BURWELL & SON.

Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

April 29-224-tf W. H. MORRISS & CO. 13 Fayetteville St.

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JOHN S. DANCY, OF TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK,

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

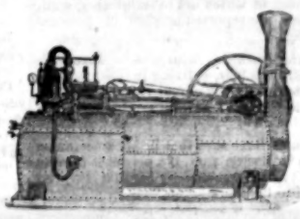
Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C. JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS, ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALLS' PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER, Guilford Land Agency, Greensboro' N. C. Sole Agent for N. C.

June 25-271-3m

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT, May 15-1867

A. A SHAFER. A. L. SCOTT. F. M. GARRETT.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn or shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods.—B. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.

May 31-250-tf

Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Gearing.

mar 29-198-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, B. P. WILLIAMSON, J. J. THOMAS, C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren,* "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*

Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH, 22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md. "OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-225-eodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Maunre Forks,
50 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO, Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-168-tf

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

BONNIE BRAE, BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD.

Principals—Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES H. MCBLAIR. Head of Scholastic Department—Miss DUNCAN. English Literature and Belles-Letters—Mr. MCBLAIR. Modern Languages—Prof. LEBRUN BARILLON. Vocal and Instrumental Music—Prof. E. THORBECKE. Drawing and Painting—Prof. D. A. WOODWARD.

This Institution will be opened on Monday, September 16th. The first session of the Scholastic year closes January 31st. The second session June 30th.

BONNIE BRAE is situated on an elevated Ridge on the old Frederick road, 2 miles from the western limits of Baltimore and within easy access to the Catonsville Passenger Railway that communicates with the city.

The number of pupils will be limited to twenty. Circulars giving further particulars may be found at J. S. WATERS & SON'S, Charles street, and ENTZ & BASH'S BOOK STORE, Charles street.

For admission apply to Mr. C. H. MCBLAIR, through the Baltimore P. O., Box 1,334.

Aug 7-308-1m

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN, JNO. W. CAMERON, JAMES H. HILL, Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 1-302-tf

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERY THING AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'FS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Aug 8-309-tf

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.

5000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.

3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.

6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES
HATS AND BONNETS,
RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.

Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES AND BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.

M. ROSENBAUM, No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Aug 1-302-tf

S. H & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys,

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES, &c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of

May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

Rev. J. AVERY SHEP